ACT – TILT A Major Step towards NICE-TRIP



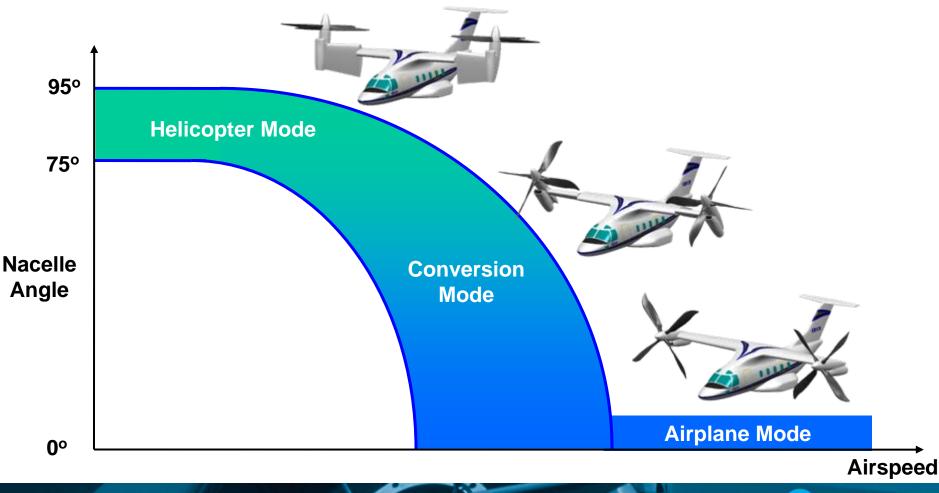
Ph. Rollet, Eurocopter



Aeronautics Days 2006, Vienna, 19-21 June 2006



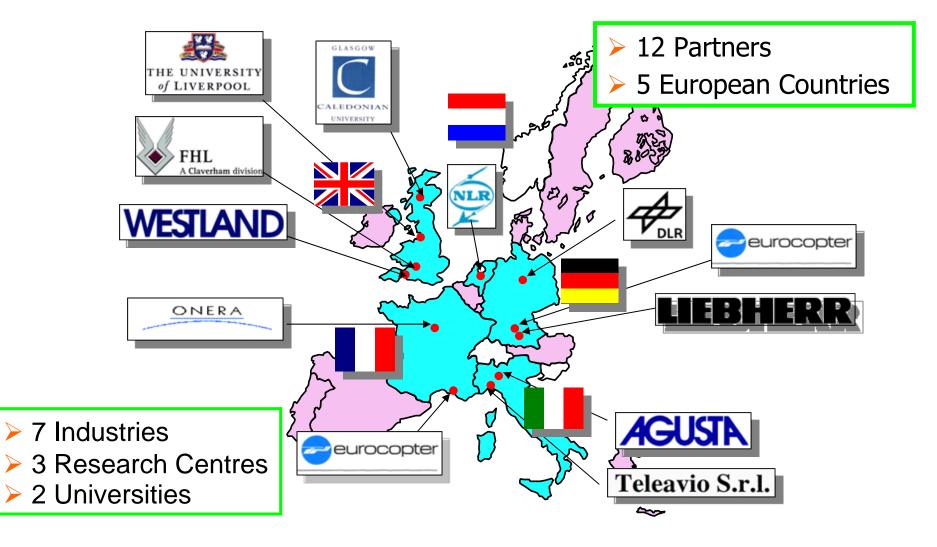
Design a Flight Control System (FCS) for Civil Tilt-Rotor (CTR)





Partners

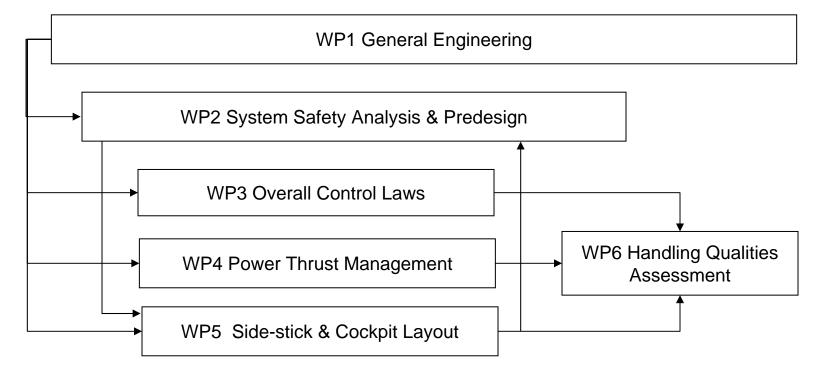


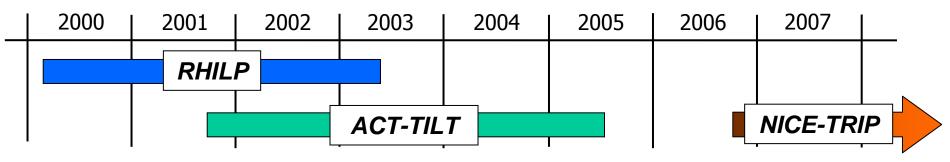




WP structure and time scale





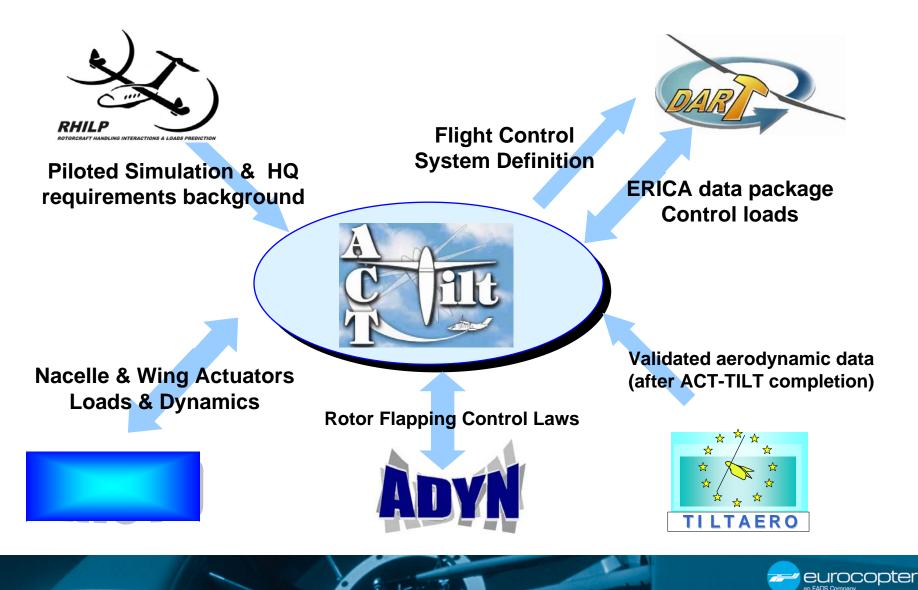






Linkages with other FP5 CTPs





Simulation models



□ F-XV15 Simulation Model

- Based on XV15 public data
- FLIGHTLAB[™] simulation environment
- Partially validated w.r.t. flight test data

Used in ACT-TILT as interim model for Handling Qualities studies (WP1.3)

ERICA CTR Simulation Model

- Based on AGUSTA data package
- HOST, FLIGHTLAB, FMC, CAMRAD-JA simulation codes
- Baseline CTR for ACT-TILT studies and final simulation trials





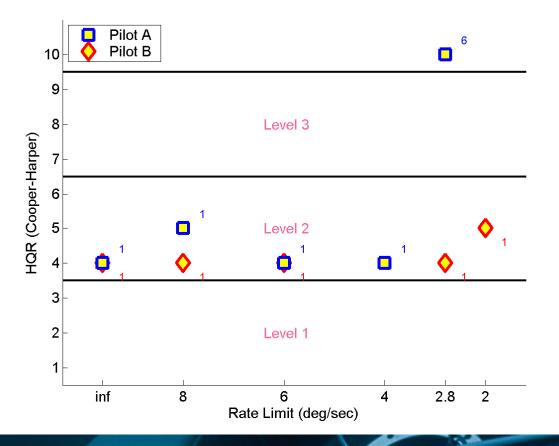
ERICA CTR: 10 T, 19 passengers



Preliminary HQ assessment

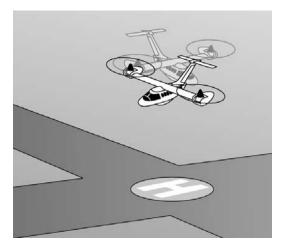


Piloted simulations with F-XV-15 model for HQ criteria determination





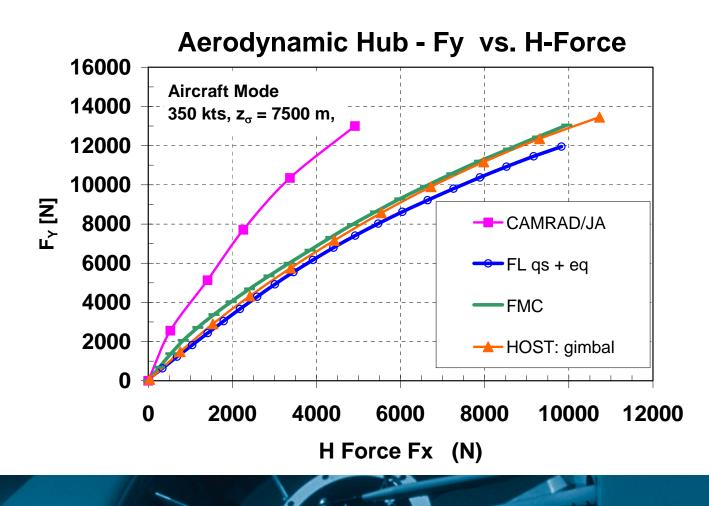
Hover turn







Rotor forces prediction

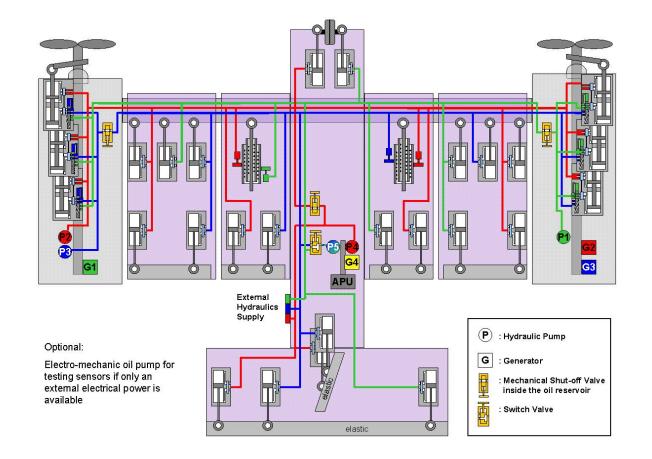




System design



Location of actuators and generators



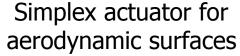


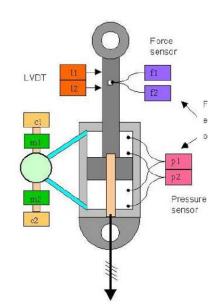
Sub-systems specification

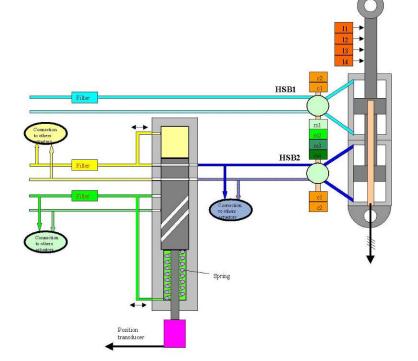
Actuators specification

Duplex tandem actuator for rotors











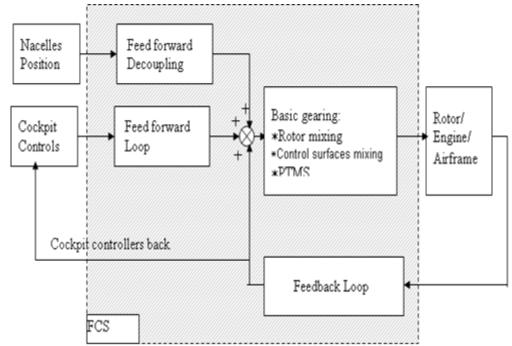


Control laws



Designed to provide Level 1 Handling Qualities in all modes of operation (helicopter, conversion, airplane)

- Control inputs
 - stick deflection
 - feed-forward control
 - Feedback loop
 - ⇒ attitudes
 - ⇒ rates
 - ⇒ accelerations
 - ⇒ long. and vertical speeds
 - ⇒ rotor & engine parameters

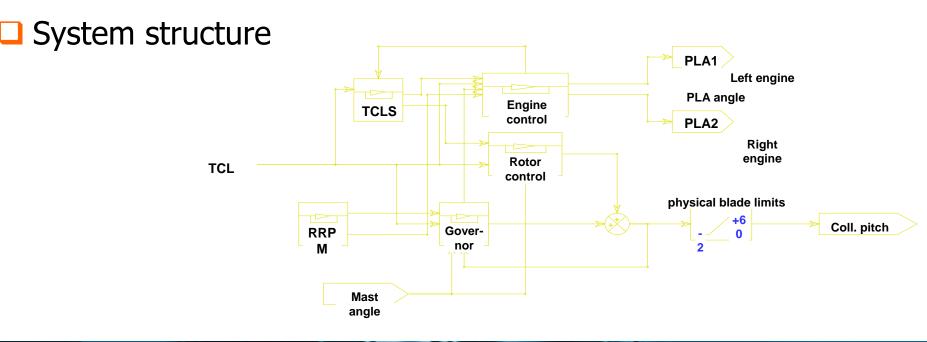






Designed to provide adequate power / thrust response in all modes of operation:

Torque command (turboprop-like) with collective pitch feedforward to achieve helicopter-like response in helicopter mode



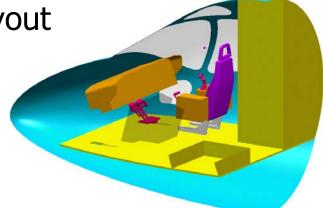


Cockpit definition



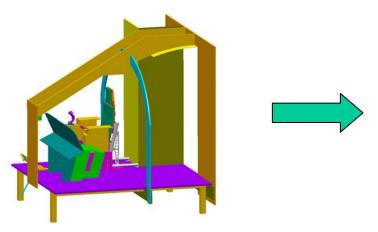


Cockpit layout





Mock-up design and manufacturing





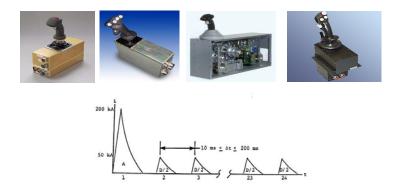


Cockpit controls

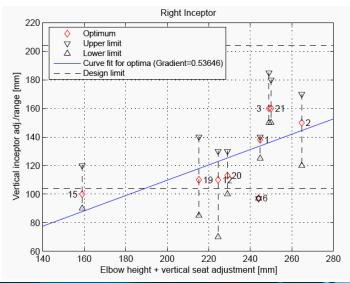


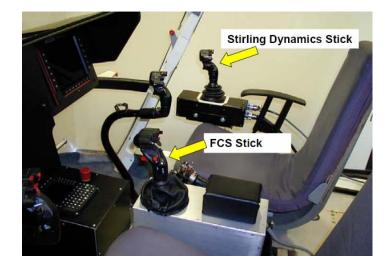
Side-stick studies

- Survey of existing side-sticks
- Study and specification of active side-stick for CTR



Ergonomics assessment and simulator investigations





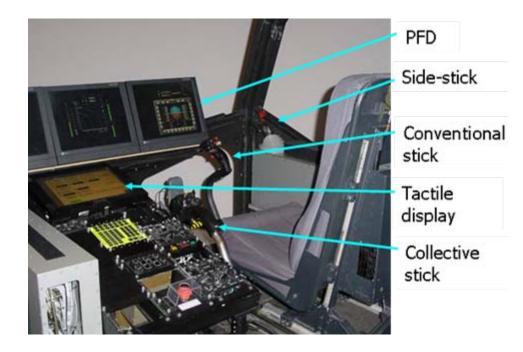




□ 6 simulation facilities have been used in ACT-TILT:

- University of Liverpool (Heliflight), NLR (HPS), Eurocopter (SPHERE), Eurocopter Deutschland, DLR, Westland
- □ SPHERE simulator preparation for final HQ assessment







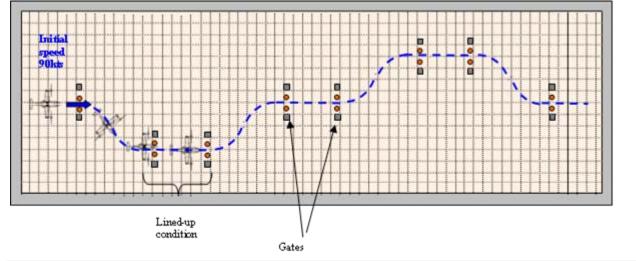


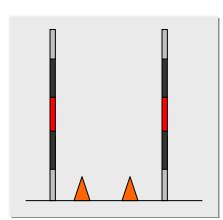
Test manoeuvres



Definition of 16 test manoeuvres for CTR HQ assessment

> Example: Fast lateral jinking in helicopter mode





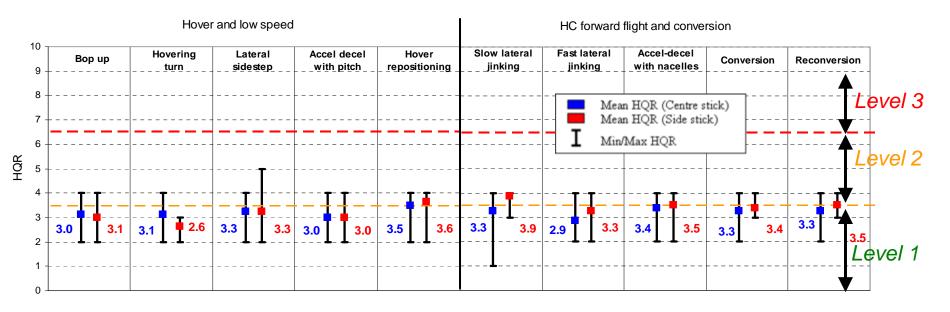
	Desired	Adequate
Maintain heading within pair of gates	± 10°	± 15°
Maintain roll attitude within pair of gates	± 5°	± 10°
Maintain lateral position within pair of gates	± 3m	± 6m
Maintain speed	± 5kts	± 10kts
Maintain height	± 8ft	± 25ft



Level 1 HQ final demonstration



Assessment of the 16 test manoeuvres by 8 test pilots Both with conventional stick and side-stick





All mean HQRs within Level 1 range (\leq 3.5)



□ The ACT-TILT project delivered 10 major results related to Tilt-Rotor flight control system design:

- > Level 1 Handling Qualities criteria for a civil tilt-rotor
- Improved flight mechanics models for tilt-rotor, including ERICA configuration specific features (movable tip wing)
- Definition and safety analysis of Flight Control System (FCS) for a civil tilt-rotor, in particular for the ERICA configuration
- Optimised control gearings for the ERICA tilt-rotor configuration, including open loop tiltable outer wing control
- Active (closed loop) control laws providing Level 1 Handling Qualities for civil tilt-rotor, in particular for the ERICA configuration





Conclusions (2/2)

Cont'

- Carefree Handling features (Structural Load Alleviation, Envelope protection) compatible with HQ level 1 active control laws
- Power Thrust Management System (PTMS) for civil tilt-rotor, in particular for the ERICA configuration
- Requirements of primary controls (i.e. active side-stick) for use in a tiltrotor cockpit
- Assessment of aircraft Handling Qualities in piloted simulation with both a conventional inceptor and a side-stick
- Defined applicability of in-flight simulation in support of tilt-rotor demonstrator development
- All these results represent a significant gain in Tilt-Rotor knowledge that could be exploited in further European Tilt-Rotor activities, in particular in NICE-TRIP

