

Methodology for a Fire Risk Assessment and an Increase of Passenger Survivability in New Generation of Aircrafts: The AircraftFire (AcF) Project



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Fire Safety in Aircrafts

For 20 years, the fire threat in aeronautics has been reduced, but more efforts are still necessary, particularly for new generation of Aircraft (A350 or B787 families) to:

- ✓ reduce the incident/accident rate
- ✓ increase the passenger and crew survivability

But, the fire threat can increase due to:

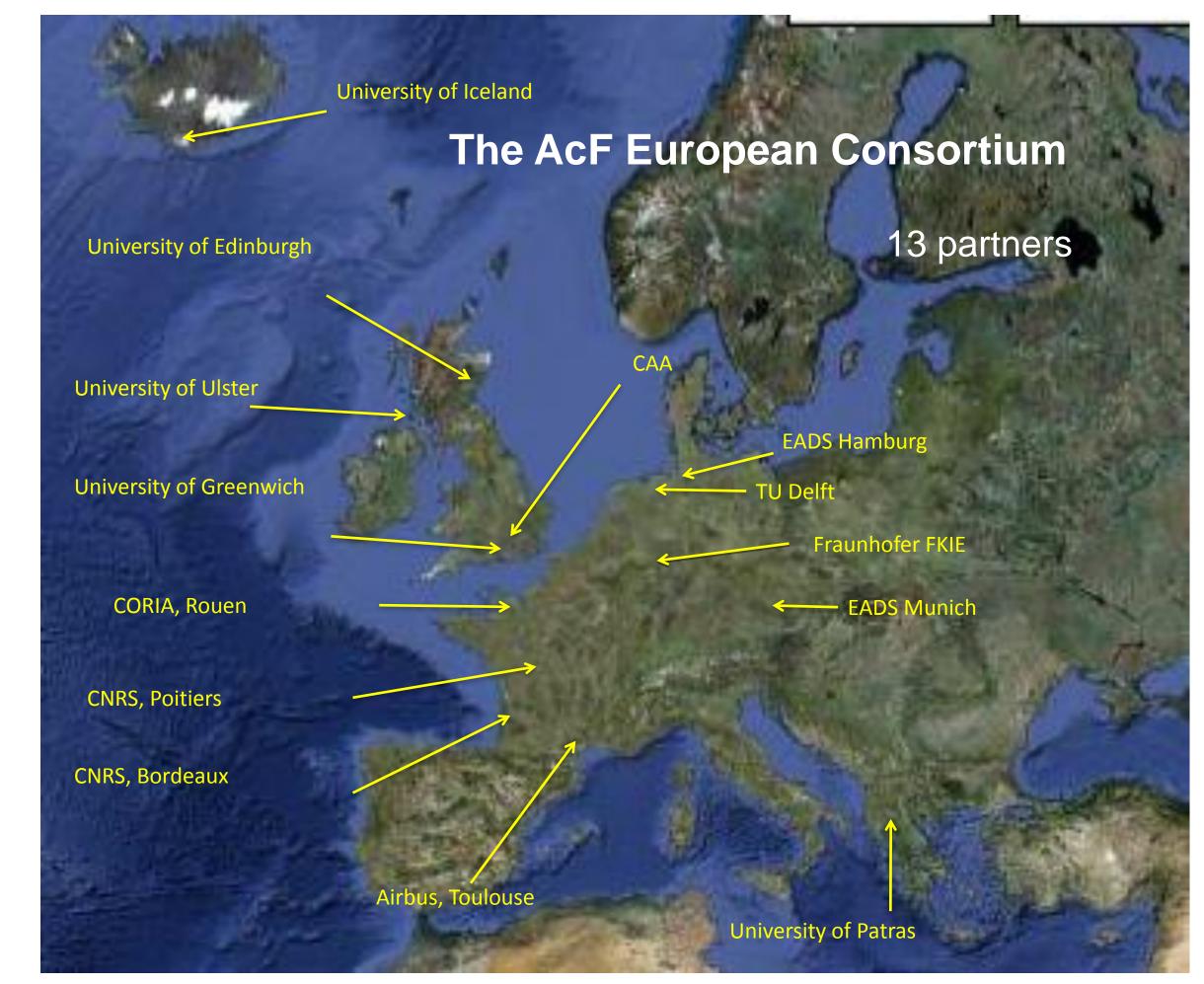
- The weight reduction of new generation aircraft is obtained by substituting aluminium by flammable composites for hull, wing and structure
- The massive use of polymer and composites increases significantly the thermal power of new generation aircraft
- ➤ Power supply requirements for electronic and avionics equipment increase the fire ignition risks

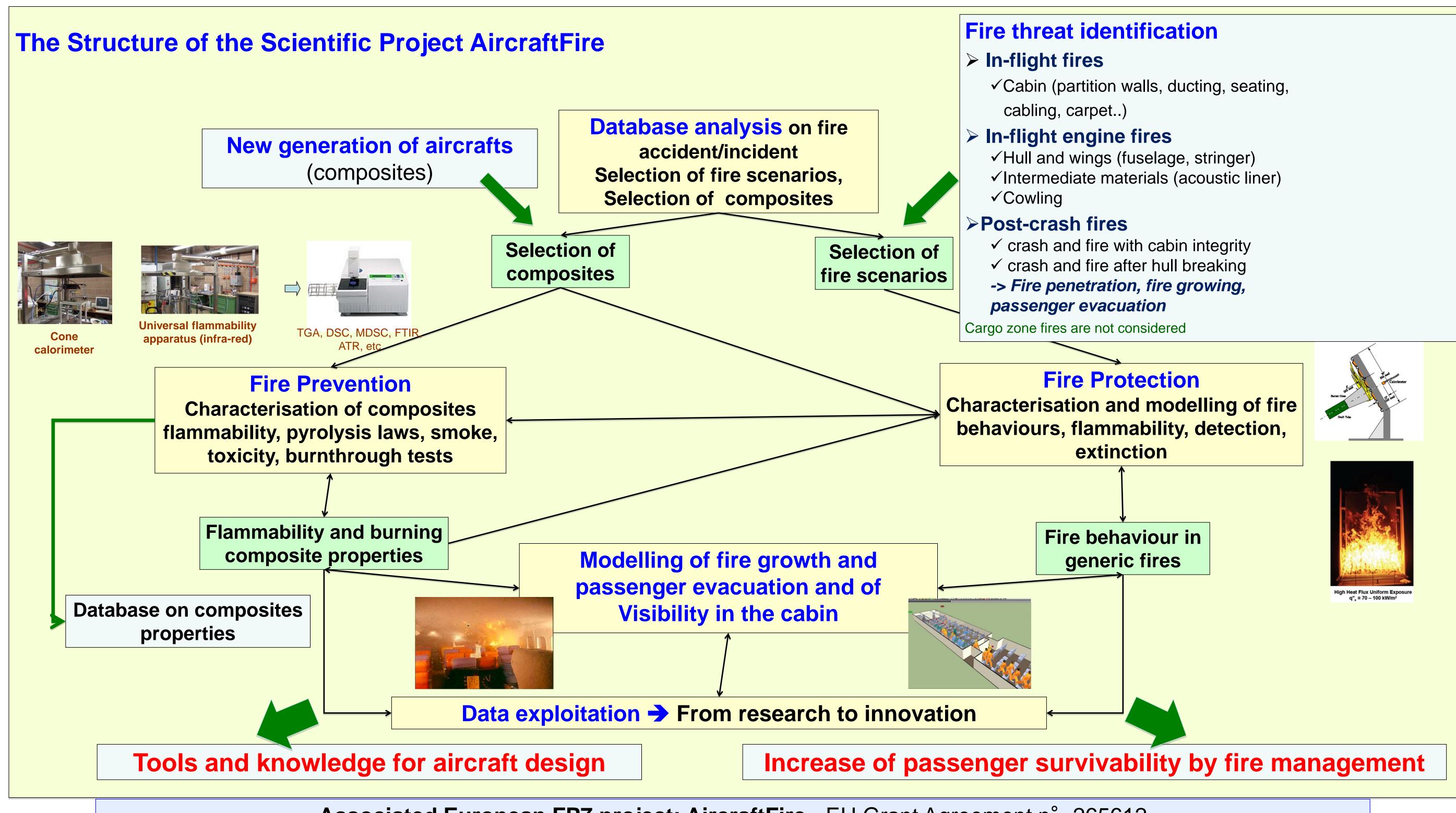
Main Objectives

- >To identify the new fire threats in new generation of aircrafts
- >To assess the resulting fire risks
- **➣**To improve prevention, protection and procedure efficiency
- >To increase the passenger and crew survivability

Needs of Research

- ➤ To characterise the physical/chemical/thermal properties of composites and polymers aboard aircrafts
 - ✓ For hull, wing and structure
 - √ Cabin (carpets, seats,....)
- ➤To evaluate the evolution of the fire scenarios, the fire growth and the passenger evacuation procedures
- >To model the fire growth and evacuation procedures
- ➤To give recommendations for the development of efficient industrial technologies through technological breaking or technological catch-up in order to improve fire prevention and protection including prompt detection and extinction





Associated European FP7 project: AircraftFire - EU Grant Agreement n° 265612 "Fire risks assessment and increase of passenger survivability in new generation of Aircrafts"

Project duration: January 1st 2011 - December 31st 2013 Project total budget: 4,200,557 € EU contribution: 3,220,690 € Total effort: 379 p.m.